

**Code Of Business Conduct And Ethics
for
Iconix Brand Group, Inc.**

1. Purpose

Iconix Brand Group, Inc. (the “*Corporation*”) Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the “*Code*”) is a guide to ethical decision-making. While the standards in the Code are mainly based on laws to which we are all subject, in some cases they go beyond legal obligations. In this respect, the Code reflects the values that define the Corporation and the principle that we must strive to avoid any circumstances that may give rise to even an appearance of impropriety. The standards in this Code may be further explained or implemented through corporate policies or other compliance manuals, including those relating to specific areas of our business.

Each of us is personally responsible for making sure that our business decisions and actions comply at all times with the rules and regulations of federal, state and local governments and other appropriate private and public regulatory agencies and this Code. However, no set of standards should be considered the final word in all circumstances. When you have doubts about the application of a standard or where we have not addressed a situation that presents an ethical issue, you should seek guidance from your immediate supervisor or from the Corporation’s General Counsel (as designated from time to time by the Board of Directors). In addition, each of us has a duty to report behavior on the part of others that appears to violate this Code or any other compliance policy or procedure of the Corporation.

All supervisory and management personnel, including all officers and directors of the Corporation, have a special responsibility to lead according to the standards of this Code, in both words and action. Our supervisory and management personnel are also expected to adhere to and promote our “open door” policy. This means that they are available to anyone with ethical concerns, questions, or complaints. All concerns, questions and complaints will be taken seriously and handled promptly, confidentially and professionally. No retaliatory action will be taken against any employee for raising concerns, questions or complaints in good faith.

The following standards of conduct will be enforced at all organizational levels. Anyone who violates them will be subject to prompt disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

This Code supplements and is not intended to replace any other current policy of the Corporation relating to matters referred to herein or otherwise, including, without limitation, the Corporation's employee handbook and the Insider Trading Policy.

2. Covered Persons

This Code applies to all officers, directors and employees of the Corporation and its affiliates.

Wherever we do business, we are required to comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations. We are also responsible for complying with requirements of contracts that we have entered into with other parties, such as distribution or supply agreements, service agreements, purchase and sale agreements, intellectual property licenses, confidentiality agreements, leases, and other agreements. The standards in this Code must, of course, be interpreted in light of the law and practices of the areas where we operate, as well as good common sense. Any questions as to the applicability of any law should be directed to the Corporation's General Counsel. Any suspected or actual violation of any applicable law, rule or regulation or our contractual undertakings should be reported immediately to your immediate supervisor or the General Counsel. If you are not comfortable reporting to your immediate supervisor or the General Counsel, you may report the situation to the confidential hotline, the details of which are set out at the end of the Code.

3. Conflicts of Interest

A conflict of interest occurs whenever our private interests interfere – or appears to interfere -- with the interests of the Corporation as a whole. In order for the Corporation to carry out its business effectively, it must be assured of loyalty of each of its officers, directors and employees. We must therefore refrain from entering into relationships that might impair our judgment as to what is best for the Corporation. Even relationships that give the appearance of a conflict of interest should be avoided. You cannot avoid these standards by acting through someone else, such as a friend or family member.

There are many different ways in which conflicts of interest arise. For example, personal financial interests, obligations to another company or governmental entity or the desire to help a relative or friend are all factors that might divide our loyalties. To clarify what we mean, we have set out below our policies about the most common types of conflict of interest.

If you believe it is not possible to avoid a conflict of interest you must bring this to the attention of, and make full written disclosure of the surrounding circumstances to, your immediate supervisor, who should in appropriate circumstances bring it to the attention of the Corporation's Board of Directors. If your immediate supervisor is unavailable you may bring the matter directly to the attention of the General Counsel.

A. Outside Employment and Directorships

Executive officers and members of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Corporation may not work for or receive compensation for services from any competitor, customer, distributor or supplier of the Corporation, in each case, without the prior approval of the Board. In addition, they may not serve on the board of directors of another company or of a governmental agency without the prior approval of the Board. No employee may work for or receive compensation for services from any competitor, customer, distributor or supplier of the Corporation, in each case, without the prior approval of the Corporation's General Counsel.

Most of these situations are likely to present conflicts of interest. Even where approval is granted, you must take appropriate steps to separate Corporation and non-Corporation activities. The General Counsel will assist you in determining what steps are appropriate.

B. Investments

You or any member of your immediate family (your spouse or your children living with you), may not have financial interests in any competitor, customer, distributor or supplier of the Corporation where this would influence, or appear to influence, actions on behalf of the Corporation. If there is any doubt about how an investment might be perceived, you should discuss it in advance with your immediate supervisor or the General Counsel.

C. Using the Corporation's Time and Assets for Personal Benefit

You may not, directly or indirectly, perform non-Corporation work or solicit that work on the Corporation's premises or while working on the Corporation's time, including any paid leave you are granted by the Corporation. Also, you are not permitted to use Corporation assets (including equipment, telephones, materials, resources or proprietary information) for any outside work.

D. Loans to Employees

Loans to and guarantees of obligations of employees, incurred for personal reasons can also present conflicts of interest. Corporation loans to employees (other than the Corporation's officers and/or directors) are not prohibited, except that when involving officers and directors, they are prohibited by law.

E. Acceptance of Gifts and Entertainment

The acceptance of gifts and entertainment by you or members of your family may present a conflict of interest. While you are permitted to accept reasonable gifts of nominal value, such as unsolicited promotional items or holiday gifts, you are prohibited from accepting or soliciting anything that might reasonably be deemed to affect your judgment or that is accompanied by any express or implied understanding that you are in any way obligated to do something in exchange for the gift. Similarly, you may accept entertainment, but only insofar as it is reasonable in the context of the business at hand and facilitates the Corporation's interests. You are strictly prohibited from soliciting gifts, gratuities or business courtesies for yourself or for the benefit of any family member or friend.

F. Family Members and Close Personal Relationships

The Corporation's standards of conduct are not intended to intrude on our personal lives. Situations may arise, however, where our relationships with family members and friends create conflicts of interest. It is your responsibility to act with honesty and integrity, avoiding actual or apparent conflicts of interest between personal and professional relationships, and to the extent such conflicts arise, to resolve such conflicts honestly and ethically. If you have relatives or friends that work for competitors, you should bring this fact to the attention of your immediate supervisor and discuss any difficulties that might arise and appropriate steps to minimize any potential conflict of interest.

G. Corporate Opportunities

You may not appropriate to yourself, or to any other person or organization, the benefit of any business venture, opportunity or potential opportunity that you learn about in the course of your employment and that is in the Corporation's line of business without first obtaining the Corporation's written consent, as specifically authorized by the Board of Directors. It is never permissible for you to compete against the Corporation, either directly or indirectly. Employees, officers and directors owe a duty to the Corporation to advance its legitimate interests when the opportunity to do so arises.

4. Shareholder & Media Relations

We will provide accurate, appropriate and timely material information to the public, including our shareholders and the media to keep them informed of matters which affect our organization. To assure consistency and accuracy in these communications and to prevent the inadvertent disclosure of confidential information, you should not give statements to shareholders or the media. If you are contacted by a shareholder, the request should be immediately forwarded to the Corporation's General Counsel or, in the case of financial issues, to the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer. If you are contacted by the media, the request should be forwarded to General Counsel or, in the case of financial issues or inquiries, to the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer. All corporate communications are governed by the Corporation's Corporate Communications Policy.

5. Health and Welfare

Each director, officer and employee of the Corporation has a responsibility to protect the health and well being of other employees. It is, therefore, imperative that each of us accepts responsibility for compliance with laws and regulations governing the protection of the work environment.

6. Accurate Books and Records

The law requires the Corporation to make sure that its books and records accurately and fairly represent transactions and dispositions of our assets in reasonable detail. In all of our operations, it is a violation of Corporation policy, and possibly illegal, for any of us to cause our books and records to be inaccurate in any way. You must never create or participate in the creation of records that are misleading or artificial. If you are asked to falsify the accounting records in any manner or are aware of falsification by anyone else in the Corporation, you should immediately report the event to the Corporation's General Counsel.

You are expected to cooperate fully with our internal and independent auditors. In particular, the following requirements must be strictly respected by all of us.

A. Access to Corporation Assets, Transactions on Management's Authorization

Access to Corporation assets is permitted only in accordance with management's general or specific authorization and transactions must be executed only in accordance with management's general or specific authorizations. Transactions involving the Corporation must be recorded to permit preparation of our financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and related requirements and to maintain accountability for the Corporation's assets.

B. Accurate Books

All Corporation books and records must be true and complete. False or misleading entries are strictly prohibited, and the Corporation will not condone any undisclosed liabilities or unrecorded bank accounts or assets established for any purpose.

C. Proper Payments

You may not authorize payment of Corporation funds knowing that any part of the payment will be used for any purpose other than the purpose described in the documents supporting the payment.

D. Appropriate Controls

Administrative and accounting controls must be implemented to provide reasonable assurance that the Corporation is in compliance with the above requirements and that financial and other reports are accurately and reliably prepared, and fully and fairly disclose all required or otherwise material information.

E. Prohibited Actions

No director, officer or employee shall (i) take any action to fraudulently influence, coerce, manipulate, or mislead any independent public or certified accountant engaged in the performance of an audit of the financial statements of the Corporation; or (ii) take any action to fraudulently influence, coerce, manipulate, or mislead any member of the Corporation's internal auditors engaged in the performance of an internal audit or investigation.

7. Complete, Accurate and Timely Disclosure

The Corporation is owned by its public shareholders and its shares are listed for trading on the NASDAQ Stock Market. As a result, the Corporation is obligated to make various disclosures to the public. The Corporation is committed to full compliance with all requirements applicable to its public disclosures. The Corporation has implemented disclosure controls and procedures to assure that its public disclosures are timely, compliant and otherwise full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable.

Waivers of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

Any request for a waiver of any standard in this Code by any executive officer or director of the Corporation may be granted only by the Board or, in the case of employees (and not executive officers or directors), the General Counsel. Only the Board or a designated committee of the Board may grant waivers involving any of the Corporation's executive officers or directors, and all waivers granted to executive officers and directors must be promptly disclosed to the Corporation's shareholders. All personnel should be aware that the Corporation generally will not grant such waivers and will do so only when good cause is shown for doing so.

8. Audits; Investigations; Disciplinary Action

The Corporation will conduct periodic audits of compliance with this Code. Allegations of potential wrongdoing will be investigated by the proper corporate or departmental personnel and, upon the advice of the General Counsel, will be reported to the Board of Directors (or an appropriate committee thereof) and to the relevant authorities. Knowingly false accusations of misconduct will be subject to disciplinary action. You are required to cooperate fully with any internal or external investigation. You must also maintain the confidentiality of any investigation

and related documentation, unless specifically authorized by the General Counsel to disclose such information.

Appropriate disciplinary penalties for violations of this Code may include counseling, reprimands, warnings, suspensions with or without pay, demotions, salary reductions, dismissals, and restitution. Disciplinary action may also extend to a violator's supervisor insofar as the Corporation determines that the violation involved the participation of the supervisor or reflected the supervisor's lack of diligence in causing compliance with the Code. Any person who takes any action whatsoever in retaliation against the employee who has in good faith raised any question or concern about compliance with this Code will be subject to serious sanctions, which may include dismissal for cause.

You are reminded that the Corporation's document retention policies strictly prohibit the destruction or alteration of documentation undertaken with the intent to obstruct any pending or threatened investigation or proceeding of any nature or in contemplation of a proceeding.

9. Where to Turn for Advice

The Company has established a procedure by which employees can, anonymously, if so desired, report allegations of known or suspected alleged Improper Activities (as hereinafter defined) confidentially and without any fear of retaliation .

"Improper Activities" include, but are not limited to, (i) questionable accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters; (ii) engaging in sexual harassment or other activities that could cause harm to other employees; (iii) violations of the Company's Code of Conduct; (iv) violations of federal or state securities laws or other laws applicable to the Company; (v) forgery or alteration of documents; (vi) misappropriation or misuse of Company resources, such as funds or other assets; (vii) authorizing or receiving compensation for goods not received or services not performed; or (ix) any other activity by an employee that is undertaken in the performance of the employee's official duties, whether or not that action is within the scope of his or her employment, and that is in violation of any state or federal law or regulation, or constitutes malfeasance, bribery, fraud, misuse of Company property, or willful omission to perform his or her duties, or involves gross misconduct.

Employees are encouraged to use the guidance provided by this policy for reporting Improper Activities in accordance with the following procedures. It is the Company's policy that no employee shall be subject to disciplinary or retaliatory action by the Company or any of its employees or agents as a result of the employee's submitting a report hereunder. However, employees who file reports of Improper Activities or provide evidence which they know to be false or without a reasonable belief in the truth and accuracy of such information will not be protected by the above policy statement and may be subject to disciplinary action and legal claims.

Procedure for Reporting Improper Activities. To submit a report involving any known or suspected Improper Activity, an employee, anonymously or otherwise, may either call the Company's General Counsel or write to the General Counsel c/o the Company at its principal executive offices. If the employee submitting the complaint is uncomfortable for any reason addressing such concerns to the Company's General Counsel the employee may write to the

Chair of the Governance Committee of the Company's Board of Directors, Drew Cohen, c/o the Company.

In addition, the Company has arranged with an outside service called Ethics Point, Inc., which has established a live-staffed 24-hour telephone hotline at 800-963-5864 for the purposes of reporting violations of this Code. You can also log on to www.ethicspoint.com, and make a report on line, anonymously if so desired. An employee may utilize this process either to raise new complaints or if he or she feels that a complaint previously raised has not been appropriately handled.

If you have questions about this Code, you should turn to your immediate supervisor or the General Counsel in the first instance. The Corporation's "open door" policy gives you the freedom to approach any member of management with ethical questions or concerns without fear of retaliation.

Acknowledgement

I acknowledge that I have received, read and understood the Corporation's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and that my conduct as an employee, officer or director of the Corporation must at all times comply with the standards and policies set out in the Code, as well as any other legal or compliance policies or procedures of the Corporation. I have not violated any standards or policies set out in the Code.

Officer/Director/Employee (Signature): _____

Printed Name: _____

Date: _____