

W & T OFFSHORE, INC.

CHARTER OF AUDIT COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

I. SCOPE OF RESPONSIBILITY

A. General

Subject to the limitations noted in Section VI, the primary function of the Audit Committee is to assist the Board of Directors (the "Board") in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities by (1) overseeing the Company's system of financial reporting, auditing, controls and legal compliance, (2) monitoring the operation of such system and the integrity of the Company's financial statements, (3) monitoring the qualifications, independence and performance of the outside auditors and any internal auditors who the Company may engage and (4) reporting to the Board periodically concerning activities of the Audit Committee.

B. Relationship to Other Groups

The management of the Company is responsible primarily for developing the Company's accounting practices, preparing the Company's financial statements, maintaining internal controls, maintaining disclosure controls and procedures, and preparing the Company's disclosure documents in compliance with applicable law. The internal auditors (or any firm engaged by the Company to provide such services) are responsible primarily for objectively assessing the Company's internal controls. The outside auditors are responsible primarily for auditing and attesting to the Company's financial statements and evaluating the Company's internal controls. Subject to the limitations noted in Section VI, the Audit Committee, as the delegate of the Board, is responsible for overseeing this process and discharging such other functions as are assigned by law, the Company's organizational documents, or the Board. The functions of the Audit Committee are not intended to duplicate, certify or guaranty the activities of management or the internal or outside auditors.

The Audit Committee will strive to maintain an open and free avenue of communication among management, the outside auditors, the internal auditors, and the Board. The outside and internal auditors will report directly to the Audit Committee.

II. COMPOSITION

The Audit Committee may be composed of at least two directors for ninety days following the initial public offering, both of whom will meet the standards of independence or other qualifications required from time to time by the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), Section 10A(m)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). After that ninety-day period, the Audit Committee will be composed of at least three directors selected by the Board in accordance with the Company's bylaws, two of whom will meet the qualifications for independence required by the NYSE, Section 10A(m)(3) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations of the SEC; provided, however, that on the first anniversary date following the initial public offering of the Company's common stock, each member of the Audit Committee shall meet the standards of independence of the New York Stock Exchange. The Audit Committee's chairperson shall be designated by the Board. The Audit Committee may form and delegate authority to subcommittees consisting of one or more members when appropriate, including the authority to grant preapprovals of audit and permitted non-audit services, subject to any limitations or reporting requirements established by law or the Company's procedures.

III. MEETINGS

The Audit Committee will meet at least four times annually, or more frequently if the Committee determines it to be necessary. To foster open communications, the Audit Committee may invite to its meetings other directors or representatives of management, the outside auditors, the internal auditors, counsel or other persons whose pertinent advice or counsel is sought by the Committee. The agenda for meetings will be prepared in consultation among the Committee chair (with input from Committee members), management, the outside auditors, the internal auditors and counsel. The Audit Committee will maintain written minutes of all its meetings and provide a copy of all such minutes to every member of the Board.

IV. POWERS

The Audit Committee shall have the sole authority to appoint or replace the outside auditors. The Audit Committee shall be directly responsible for the compensation and oversight of the work of the outside auditors (including resolution of disagreements between management and the outside auditors regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or related work. The Audit Committee shall also have the sole authority to (a) appoint or replace the senior internal auditing executive, (b) appoint or replace any firm engaged to provide internal auditing services and (c) grant waivers to directors or executive officers from the code of ethics and business conduct contained in the Company's corporate compliance procedures.

The Audit Committee shall have the authority, to the extent it deems necessary or appropriate, to retain independent legal, accounting or other advisors. The Company

shall provide appropriate funding, as determined by the Audit Committee, for payment of compensation to the outside auditor for the purpose of rendering or issuing an audit report, to any advisors employed by the Audit Committee, and for any administrative expenses that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out the Audit Committee's duties.

The Audit Committee shall have the power to (a) obtain and review any information that the Audit Committee deems necessary to perform its oversight functions and (b) conduct or authorize investigations into any matters within the Audit Committee's scope of responsibilities.

The Audit Committee shall have the power to issue any reports or perform any other duties required by (a) the Company's articles of incorporation or bylaws, (b) applicable law or (c) rules or regulations of the SEC, the New York Stock Exchange, or any other self-regulatory organization having jurisdiction over the affairs of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee shall have the power to consider and act upon any other matters concerning the financial affairs of the Company as the Audit Committee, in its discretion, may determine to be advisable in connection with its oversight functions.

V. PERIODIC OVERSIGHT TASKS

The Audit Committee, to the extent it deems necessary or appropriate or to the extent required by applicable laws or regulations, will perform the oversight tasks delineated in the Audit Committee Checklist. The checklist will be updated annually to reflect changes in regulatory requirements, authoritative guidance, and evolving oversight practices. The most recently updated checklist will be considered to be an addendum to this charter.

VI. LIMITATIONS

The Committee's failure to investigate any matter, to resolve any dispute or to take any other actions or exercise any of its powers in connection with the good faith exercise of its oversight functions shall in no way be construed as a breach of its duties or responsibilities to the Company, its directors or its shareholders.

The Audit Committee is not responsible for preparing the Company's financial statements, planning or conducting the audit of such financial statements, determining that such financial statements are complete and accurate or prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards, or assuring compliance with applicable laws or the Company's policies, procedures and controls, all of which are the responsibility of management or the outside auditors. The Audit Committee's oversight functions involve substantially lesser responsibilities than those associated with the audit performed by the outside auditors. In connection with the Audit Committee's oversight functions, the Committee may rely on management's representations that the financial statements have been prepared with integrity and objectivity and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and on the representations of the outside auditors.

In carrying out its oversight functions, the Audit Committee believes its policies and procedures should remain flexible in order to best react to a changing environment.

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- Originally adopted and approved by the Audit Committee and Board on April 22, 2004; last revised January 27, 2005.

ADDENDUM

AUDIT COMMITTEE CHECKLIST

	<u>Winter</u>	<u>Spring</u>	<u>Summer</u>	<u>Fall</u>	<u>As Needed</u>
<u>Annual Audit Planning</u>					
1. appoint or replace the outside auditors and approve the compensation and other terms of the outside auditors' annual engagement	X				
2. pre-approve all auditing services					
3. review significant relationships between the outside auditors and the Company, including those described in written statements of the outside auditors furnished to the Audit Committee under ISB Standard No. 1	X				X
4. discuss the scope and comprehensiveness of the audit plan, including changes from prior years and the coordination of the efforts of the outside and internal auditors	X				X
<u>Review Earnings Releases and other Non-SEC Reports</u>					
5. discuss the Company's earnings release with management and the outside auditors prior to its release	X	X	X	X	
6. discuss with management the Company's financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and rating agencies	X	X	X	X	
<u>Review of Financial Information in SEC Reports</u>					
7. review and discuss with management and the outside auditors the Company's financial information (including the Company's annual audited financial statements and quarterly financial statements, as well as the Company's disclosures under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations"), and any report, opinion or review rendered on the financial statements by management or the outside auditors (including under SAS No. 71)	X	X	X	X	
8. review and discuss reports from the outside auditors on:					
(a) the Company's critical accounting policies	X				X
(b) all alternative treatments of financial information within GAAP that have been discussed with management, ramifications of the use of such alternative treatments, and the treatment preferred by the outside auditors	X				X
(c) other material written communications between the outside auditors and management, such as any management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences	X				X
(d) all communications with the national office of the outside auditors pertaining to the Company's financial affairs	X	X	X	X	
9. discuss with management and the outside auditors significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the Company's financial	X	X	X	X	

	<u>Winter</u>	<u>Spring</u>	<u>Summer</u>	<u>Fall</u>	<u>As Needed</u>
statements, including any (a) significant changes in the Company's use or application of accounting principles or policies, (b) major issues as to the adequacy of the Company's internal controls, its disclosure controls and procedures, or its financial reporting processes, and (c) special steps adopted in light of material control deficiencies					
10. discuss with management and the outside auditors the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives as well as off-balance sheet structures on the Company's financial statements	X	X	X	X	
11. discuss the Company's major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures	X	X	X	X	X
12. review "reportable conditions" or other matters that are required to be communicated by the outside auditors to the Audit Committee under:					
(a) generally accepted auditing standards (including SAS No. 61) or	X				X
(b) federal securities laws (including Section 10A of the Exchange Act)	X	X	X	X	X
13. review difficulties or disputes with management or the internal auditors encountered by the outside auditors during the course of their audit and management's response				X	X
14. review the outside auditors' views regarding the Company's financial disclosures, the quality of the Company's accounting principles as applied, the underlying estimates and other significant judgments made by management in preparing the financial statements, and the compatibility of the Company's principles and judgments with prevailing practices and standards	X				X
15. review the accounting implications of significant new transactions					X
<u>Conduct of Meetings</u>					
16. in connection with each periodic report of the Company, review:					
(a) management's required disclosure, if any, to the Audit Committee under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act regarding significant deficiencies in internal controls or reportable fraud					X
(b) the contents of the certifications of the Company's CEO and CFO included in such report	X	X	X	X	
17. receive reports regarding any non-audit services that the Chairman pre-cleared the outside auditor to perform during the prior quarter	X	X	X	X	
18. review the extent to which the Company has implemented changes in practices or controls that were previously recommended to or approved by the Audit Committee					X
19. receive reports regarding significant changes to GAAP or regulations impacting the Audit Committee					X
20. meet in executive session with the outside auditors, internal auditors and management	X	X	X	X	

	<u>Winter</u>	<u>Spring</u>	<u>Summer</u>	<u>Fall</u>	<u>As Needed</u>
<u>Annual Reports</u>					
21. recommend to the Board whether the audited financial statements should be included in the Company's 10-K report	X				
22. approve the annual proxy statement report of the audit committee required by the rules of the SEC	X				
23. review and approve the disclosures in each 10-K report regarding management's internal control report, once the applicable rules become effective	X				
<u>Oversight of the Company's Outside Auditors</u>					
24. pre-clear the engagement of the outside auditors to conduct non-audit services not pre-cleared by the Chairman					X
25. obtain and review a report from the outside auditors regarding (a) the outside auditor's internal quality-control procedures, (b) any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, or peer review, of the firm, or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities within the preceding five years respecting any audit engagement, (c) any steps taken to deal with any such issues, (d) all relationships between the outside auditors and the Company and (e) assurances that the outside auditing firm is registered in good standing with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (once the applicable rules become effective); evaluate the qualifications, performance and independence of the outside auditors			X		
26. review and evaluate the lead audit partner and ensure his rotation as required by law			X		
27. review and approve hiring policies for employees or former employees of the outside auditors					X
<u>Oversight of the Company's Internal Auditors</u>					
28. review the performance of the senior internal auditing executive, and replace if necessary			X		
29. meet, if possible, with the entire internal auditing staff		X			
30. review the significant reports to management prepared by the internal auditing department and management's responses	X	X	X	X	X
31. discuss with the outside auditors and management internal audit department plans, responsibilities, budget, independence and staffing (including the use of third party firms) and any recommended changes thereto				X	
<u>Compliance Oversight Responsibilities</u>					
32. establish and monitor procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of confidential, anonymous complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, controls or auditing matters					X
33. discuss any correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies and any published reports which raise material issues regarding the Company's financial statements or accounting policies					X

	<u>Winter</u>	<u>Spring</u>	<u>Summer</u>	<u>Fall</u>	<u>As Needed</u>
34. review the adequacy of the Company's internal controls and its disclosure controls and procedures					X
35. review reports on "related party" transactions	X				
36. review the effectiveness and adequacy of the Company's corporate compliance procedures, and consider, adopt and recommend to the Board any proposed changes thereto		X			
37. review periodically the procedures established by the Company to monitor its compliance with debt covenants					X
38. consult periodically with counsel concerning the Audit Committee's responsibilities or legal matters that may have a material impact on the Company's financial statements, controls, or corporate compliance procedures					X
<u>Self Assessment</u>					
39. review the Audit Committee's own performance annually			X		
40. verify that all Committee members remain eligible to serve			X		
<u>Charter</u>					
41. review this checklist and the related Audit Committee charter annually, and consider, adopt and submit to the Board any proposed changes			X		
42. Include a copy of the Audit Committee charter as an appendix to the proxy statement at least once every three years					X

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